## Stochastic Modeling: Exercise Class 5.

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**Exercise 1.** Assume we observe an iid sample  $X_1, \ldots, X_n \sim \mathcal{B}inomial(10, \theta)$  with  $\theta \in [0, 1]$ .

- Compute the log-likelihood log  $f(X_1, \ldots, X_n \mid \theta)$ .
- Calculate the MLE  $\hat{\theta}_n$ .
- Recognize the posterior distribution  $f(\theta \mid X_1, ..., X_n)$  from the a priori  $\mathcal{B}eta(5,3)$  distribution.
- Deduce the Bayes estimator  $\hat{\theta}_n^B$ .
- Express  $\hat{\theta}_n^B$  as an aggregation of  $\hat{\theta}_n$  and the mean of the prior distribution. Discuss the evolution of the weights with respect to n.

**Exercise 2.** Assume we observe an iid sample  $X_1, \ldots, X_n \sim \mathcal{N}(0, \theta)$  with  $\theta > 0$ .

- Calculate the MLE  $\hat{\theta}_n$ .
- Compute h, the posterior distribution  $f(\theta \mid X_1, \dots, X_n)$  up to a multiplicative constant, from the a priori  $\mathcal{G}amma(3,5)$  distribution.
- Provide the Bayes estimator  $\hat{\theta}_n^B$  as an integral.
- Describe an extended IS approximation of  $\hat{\theta}_n^B$  with proposal  $\mathcal{G}amma(c\hat{\theta}_n, c)$ .
- What is the role of c > 0? How can we improve the choice of the proposal when n is small?

**Exercise 3.** Consider  $I = \int_{-\infty}^{q} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp(-x^2/2) dx = 10^{-4}$  for q the quantile of order  $10^{-4}$ 

- Calculate the variance of the MC approximation with proposal  $\mathcal{N}(0,1)$ .
- ullet Provide a sufficiently large n so that the accuracy if the MC approximation is of the order of I.
- Calculate the variance of the IS approximation with proposal  $\mathcal{N}(\mu, 1)$ .
- Optimize its variance with respect to  $\mu$ .
- ullet Provide a sufficiently large n so that the accuracy if the IS approximation is of the order of I.